

Governor Renews Call to Use Historic Surplus to Cut Taxes

Written by GOV Press Wisconsin
Friday, 14 October 2022 14:30 -

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More than \$5 billion in the savings accounts should allow us to cut taxes for working families, veterans, and seniors, lower gas prices and cap insulin copays, and make caregiving and childcare more affordable.

MADISON — Gov. Tony Evers today celebrated news from the Wisconsin Department of Administration (DOA) announcing the state of Wisconsin ended Fiscal Year 2022 with state coffers and the state's 'rainy day fund' at the highest levels ever in state history. The DOA today released the [Fiscal Year 2022 Annual Fiscal Report](#) showing the state ended Fiscal Year 2022, which closed on June 30, 2022, with a positive balance of \$4.3 billion and the 'rainy day fund' (Budget Stabilization Fund) at \$1.73 billion. The announcement comes today as the Wisconsin Department of Revenue (DOR) in August [released new revenue projections](#) far exceeding estimates from the beginning of the year and showing the state is expected to end the current biennium with more than \$5 billion in state coffers.

Gov. Evers today, in light of the state's new, historic fiscal outlook, renewed his call to use the state's surplus to cut taxes for working families, veterans, and seniors, lower gas prices and cap insulin copays, and make caregiving and childcare more affordable.



"Wisconsinites have been through a lot these past few years, and we've worked hard to use our federal funds to make smart, strategic investments to get help to folks who've needed it and support small businesses, farmers, and economic development efforts across our state. It's clear today those investments have paid dividends for our economic recovery, and our state is

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now in the best fiscal position in state history,” said Gov. Evers.

“But I’ve said it before, and I’ll say it again today—our state’s success is because of the hardworking taxpayers across our state, and this money belongs to them. Families across our state are worried about rising costs and making ends meet, and this money shouldn’t sit in Madison while folks and families need help now. We can help people right now—today—and that’s what we should be doing. We should be using our state’s historic surplus to cut taxes, invest in our schools, cap the cost of insulin, lower prices at the pump, and make childcare and caregiving more affordable so we can get more folks into our workforce.”

Gov. Evers’ plans to use the state’s surplus would provide over \$600 million a year in tax relief now and into the future for Wisconsinites while still leaving a significant excess balance in the state’s coffers untouched. The governor’s plan to help working families address rising costs includes:

- a 10 percent tax cut for working families;
- restoring the Homestead Tax Credit to help seniors on fixed incomes;
- expanding property tax relief for veterans with disabilities;
- cutting gas prices for Wisconsinites;
- capping the copay cost of insulin;
- creating a Caregiver Tax Credit to help with caregiving costs; and
- expanding the Child and Dependent Care Credit to help with costs of caregiving and childcare.

Additionally, as kids, parents, educators, and staff across Wisconsin returned back to school this fall, Gov. Evers [also announced](#) key priorities for K-12 education for his 2023-25 biennial budget, which would likewise rely on a portion of the state’s surplus to provide an increase of nearly \$2 billion for public schools to:

- improve reading and literacy outcomes;
- expand access to mental health services and school nutrition;
- invest in financial literacy and out-of-school programming;
- help address staff shortages to keep class sizes small; and
- increase per pupil and special education aids.

ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND ON GOV. EVERS’ PLAN TO SUPPORT WORKING FAMILIES

FAIR Credit 10 Percent Tax Cut

The governor’s plan provides a 10 percent tax cut for working families, which includes single filers at or below \$100,000 in annual adjusted gross income and married-joint filers at or below

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\$150,000. The credit would gradually phase out for single filers with adjusted gross incomes between \$100,000 and \$120,000 and married-joint filers with incomes between \$150,000 and \$175,000. With the governor's tax cut, the average recipient of the Family and Individual Reinvestment (FAIR) income tax credit will see a \$221 annual reduction in their individual income taxes and the median family of four will receive an annual tax cut of more than \$375. That is approximately \$441 million annually, beginning in fiscal year 2022-23, going back into Wisconsin's pockets.

This plan builds upon Gov. Evers' efforts over the past several years to cut taxes for hardworking Wisconsinites. Previously, Gov. Evers directed DOR to revise its withholding tax tables, which affects how much income employers withhold from an employee's paycheck in taxes. Based on the directed changes and tax cuts Gov. Evers has signed into law during his time in office, over the course of this year, a single filer making \$50,000 will see \$551 more in their paychecks while a married couple each earning \$50,000 combined will see over \$1,200 more for their household in their paychecks. Additionally, the 2021-23 budget contained one of the largest tax cuts in Wisconsin state history and provided \$2 billion in individual income tax relief over the biennium and approximately \$1 billion annually going forward. When combined with prior reductions, the 2021-23 budget provided tax relief to 2.4 million taxpayers. Through the governor's tax cuts signed during his time in office, 86 percent of Wisconsin taxpayers will see an income tax cut of 15 percent or more, more than delivering on Gov. Evers' promise to provide a 10 percent tax cut to middle-class families.

Homestead Credit

Gov. Evers' plan provides tax relief for low-income seniors on fixed income by increasing the income limit for the Homestead Credit and restoring indexing for inflation to preserve the credit's value. Over the years, Republicans have eroded the value of the state's Homestead Credit, which provides critical tax relief for low-income seniors and individuals with disabilities, by failing to adjust the credit for inflation. In fact, the Homestead Credit hasn't been adjusted for inflation since tax year 2011, causing the credit's beneficiaries to decline as the credit loses value due to inflation. The governor's plan restores the Homestead Credit by increasing the income limit to \$35,000 from the current law of \$24,680. The governor's proposal also restores indexing for all parameters of the Homestead Credit to preserve the credit's value for its recipients, especially elderly claimants who make up approximately one-third of all Homestead claimants.

Veteran and Surviving Spouse Property Tax Credit

The governor's plan expands eligibility for the Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit to support the needs of our nation's heroes and their families to include those with a disability rating of at least 70 percent instead of the current law of 100 percent. This update will provide approximately \$16 million in property tax relief to more veterans with disabilities and surviving spouses. The tax credit is based on the veteran's service-related disability rating. For example, if a veteran has a disability rating of 70 percent, they will see a 70 percent property tax credit, freeing up other limited income for household needs and essentials. It is estimated that nearly 8,000 taxpayers will benefit from this change.

LOWERING OUT-OF-POCKET COSTS

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Minimum Markup

The governor's plan targets the rising cost of gas by repealing the state's minimum markup law for motor fuel, which requires gas to be marked up from cost. Recently, this markup has been costing Wisconsin drivers an additional 18 to nearly 30 cents. With changes under the governor's plan, gas stations could immediately drop prices by removing this markup, which latest estimates put at nearly 30 cents.

Calling for the repeal of the minimum markup for motor fuel adds to the governor's previous actions to keep gas prices low for Wisconsinites, including urging congressional leadership to pass The Gas Prices Relief Act, which would suspend the federal gas tax, and the Transportation Fuel Market Transparency Act, which would increase transparency in petroleum market pricing and protect consumers from price manipulation in fuel markets. Gov. Evers also called on the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to grant a temporary waiver allowing blended fuel to be used and supporting the year-round sale of E15 fuel, which the Biden Administration agreed to do, and the EPA continues to issue temporary waivers allowing the sale of E15. Additionally, the governor called on the EPA to waive the federal reformulated gas requirements for six Wisconsin counties, including Kenosha, Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Washington, and Waukesha through the end of the year which could save consumers in these counties more than 30 cents per gallon. Finally, the governor issued [Emergency Order #170](#), prohibiting price gouging of gas and diesel.

Insulin Copay Cap

The governor's plan would cap the cost-sharing of insulin at \$35. According to the American Diabetes Association, 439,000 adults in Wisconsin have diagnosed diabetes, an estimated 135,000 individuals have diabetes but don't know it, and 1.6 million Wisconsinites have prediabetes. Moreover, a quarter of insulin users said cost impacted their insulin use with folks often rationing their medicine, compromising their health and risking serious health consequences, including death, to avoid high costs. Additionally, the Governor's Task Force on Reducing Prescription Drug Prices recommended statutorily limiting the copay an insurer can charge for a month's supply of insulin, citing that a copay cap offers immediate financial relief to people with diabetes who require insulin. As of July 2022, at least 21 states have passed legislation to implement an insulin copay cap, including Wisconsin's neighbors in Illinois and Minnesota. Yet, despite multiple opportunities to do so, including the governor's 2021-23 biennial budget proposal, Wisconsin Republicans have failed to cap the price of insulin in Wisconsin, putting the physical and financial health of more than 430,000 Wisconsinites with diabetes at risk.

REDUCING BARRIERS TO WORK

In addition to measures aimed at addressing rising costs, Gov. Evers' plan also includes additional provisions aimed at reducing the costs for childcare and caregiving—key proposals to help support Wisconsin's workforce and reduce barriers to employment.

Caregiver Tax Credit

Gov. Evers' plan helps defray the cost of caregiving by creating a caregiver tax credit for

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qualified expenses incurred by a family caregiver while caring for their loved one, providing nearly \$100 million in relief for an estimated 250,000 Wisconsinites. A majority of Wisconsinites are in income ranges to be eligible for the credit, and most filers will receive up to \$500, while married-separate filers will receive up to \$250. The governor's plan would provide an estimated \$100 million in tax relief to Wisconsinites who are experiencing increased costs and expenses caring for a family member. The governor originally proposed creating the Caregiver Tax Credit in his 2021-23 biennial budget and again, proposed it as part of his plan to use the state's surplus earlier this year, but both moves were rejected by Republicans in the Legislature.

Child and Dependent Care Credit

Gov. Evers' plan proposes expanding the newly created Child and Dependent Care Credit from 50 percent of the federal credit to 100 percent. This will provide nearly \$30 million in tax relief to 107,000 Wisconsinites who claim the federal credit, or about \$274 per filer. Most people who are eligible for the credit could receive up to \$600 if they are claiming it for one qualifying individual's expenses or \$1,200 for two or more qualifying individuals' expenses. Much like the Caregiver Tax Credit, the governor proposed expanding the Child and Dependent Care Credit earlier this year, but it, unfortunately, was rejected by Republicans in the Legislature.